

# PRIMARIES TO DISTRIBUTE FEDERALPE DON'T GET THE REBELS

Democrats May Adopt Original Plan to Select Postmasters and Collectors.

## HENRY OPPOSED TO SUCH A PLAN

(By Winfield Jones.)  
Washington, D. C., Nov. 19.—Texas congressmen already are being offered with applications for federal jobs when the administration changes on March 4. Representative Henry, however, is receiving many letters applying for government positions.

Popular primaries to determine the choice for collectors of internal revenue, postmasters, marshals, surveyors and other officials is advocated by Representative Henry. He is studying the subject and will decide later whether to adopt the new plan in his district or adhere to the old plan of the congressmen themselves.

"A primary to determine who would be postmaster," said he, "would be unfair, because there is not a law under which it could be safeguarded. Republicans would vote as well as Democrats, and there would be no assurance that the proper man would be selected. I prefer to take the responsibility in my own district and shall do so."

Representative Smith also has received communications on the primary plan. He is studying the subject and will decide later whether to adopt the new plan in his district or adhere to the old plan of the congressmen themselves.

## WILL ASK CONGRESS FOR MONTARY LEGISLATION. Committee Investigating the Spoils Money Trust Is Called to Meet by Chairman Pugh.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 19.—There will be legislation during the approaching session of congress as a result of the money trust investigation of the House. If Representative Pugh, the chairman of the committee, can have his way about it, Mr. Pugh has announced that he had called a meeting of the committee for 11 o'clock next Wednesday.

This session is to be merely preliminary, however, and probably it will be confined to fixing a date for the resumption of the oral hearings which were begun soon after the adjournment.

**Discusses Power Rights.**  
A conversation conference between federal state and private interests, concerning regulation of water power rights in California was held at the interior department. There was a general interchange of views looking to formal promulgation of interior department regulations governing water power development on federal lands in California.

Secretary Fisher vigorously pointed out to representatives of California railway and water commissions, power corporations and others that he believed the idea of an arbitrary percentage limit on returns of any corporation was fundamentally wrong because it did not encourage efficiency in management. He said he favored local control of utilities and thought "power rights should be awarded to the person or persons who would develop them on the basis of a permit to conform to the reasonable requirements of the public."

**Taft to Decide Customs Law.**  
President Taft will be the final arbiter in constraining the law passed at the last session of congress, admitting shipbuilding material, machinery and equipment to the United States free of duty.

Because of the wide difference of opinion as to the meaning of the law, Secretary MacVane, will submit the proposed regulations of the treasury department, interpreting the law, to the president for approval.

## REPUBLICAN PARTY LOSES ITS LEGAL STANDING IN LOUISIANA. Baton Rouge, La., Nov. 19.—The Republican party lost its legal standing in Louisiana in the recent election by failing to poll five percent of the total vote.

**WILSON CARRIES IDAHO BY 1000.**  
Bolsa, Idaho, Nov. 19.—Woodrow Wilson carried Idaho in the recent election by 1100 votes. With only county incompleteness and all others official, the vote on president stands:  
Wilson, 51,610; Taft, 52,910; Roosevelt, 25,518.

## ALPINE YOUTH IS MANGLED BY TRAIN

Alpine, Texas, Nov. 19.—Alfred Watts, son of J. M. Watts, a prominent merchant of Alpine, had his left arm cut off below the elbow by train No. 8 Monday evening. He was standing on the steps of the car and attempted to jump off. It is said, after it had got up speed his feet stuck in thick mud and the car wheels ran over his arm.

## ALIENISTS DECLARE WILL NOT TRY ROOSEVELT'S ASSAILANT SCHRANK IS INSANE

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 19.—A commission of five alienists who examined into the mental condition of John Schrank, who shot Col. Roosevelt, today reported to Judge Beckus, finding Schrank insane.

The decision of the doctors was unanimous and means that Schrank cannot be tried for the attempted murder of Col. Roosevelt but will be committed to the Northern hospital for the insane at Oshkosh.

Schrank may remain in the Oshkosh asylum for the rest of his life, as he cannot be released unless it is shown that he is completely cured and will not be subject again to an attack like the one that caused him to attempt the life of Col. Roosevelt on the night of Oct. 14.

## SIX KILLED IN WRECK ON SEABOARD AIR LINE

Norlina, N. C., Nov. 19.—Six men were killed and six others badly injured in a head on collision between northbound and southbound Florida-Cuba specials on the Seaboard Air Line railway, one mile south of the Virginia-North Carolina state line, shortly after 4 o'clock this morning. All those killed or injured so far as reported were members of the crews and express messengers.

**The Dead.**  
C. H. Beckham, engineer, Raleigh, N. C.  
W. A. Paison, engineer, Raleigh, N. C.

Band Escapes From Santa Clara Canyon—Huerta to Push the Campaign.

## REFUGEES GOING BACK TO MEXICO

Chihuahua, Mex., Nov. 19.—The reported encampment of the rebels, who entered Santa Clara canyon, near here, last week, to escape the federal forces pursuing them, did not prove up. With all known exits closed against them, with troops and artillery, the prey succeeded in making their getaway with the loss of a single member of the band which numbered 100. They were not known to have left the thirty-mile cut until hours later, when a federal scouting party that had entered one of the openings in the canyon returned with the information that no trace of the enemy was to be found. Later another scouting party arrived with information that the rebels had split up into two columns, one leaving by way of the Macamba outlet while the other got out in some manner and was following close to the Central road north from here, going in the direction of Juarez.

There were many in this city who doubted the idea that the rebels were surrounded in Santa Clara, yet the federal officials persisted in saying it was a fact and that the entire command of Marcello Caraveo and Edo Porras must surrender or else be annihilated before many days.

**The Push Vigorous Campaign.**  
The escape of the rebels will hasten Gen. Victoriano Huerta's departure from the national capital for this city. Telegrams advise that Huerta will arrive here this week prepared to pursue an active campaign against the rebels, who though poorly equipped, are remaining in the field in fairly large numbers.

According to military officials here approximately 7,000 cavalry with artillery will be sent against the rebels under Gen. Sanguinetti, Antonio Rojas, Marcello Caraveo, Edo Porras and other chiefs.

The same informants say that Huerta will bring 2,500 additional cavalry for use against the rebels, organizing them into flying columns to follow up any federal advantage.

It is understood that Huerta will command a large force that will hunt down Rojas and other chiefs now in Chihuahua, while Gen. Joaquin Teller will be given orders to pursue vigorously the Porras and other chiefs operating along the Central north of this city.

**Rebels Burn Bridge.**  
A band of rebels recently burned the large wooden bridge near kilometer 11 on the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient railway. Military officials at Chihuahua were apprised of the destruction and dispatched a column of troops, but the band had already left.

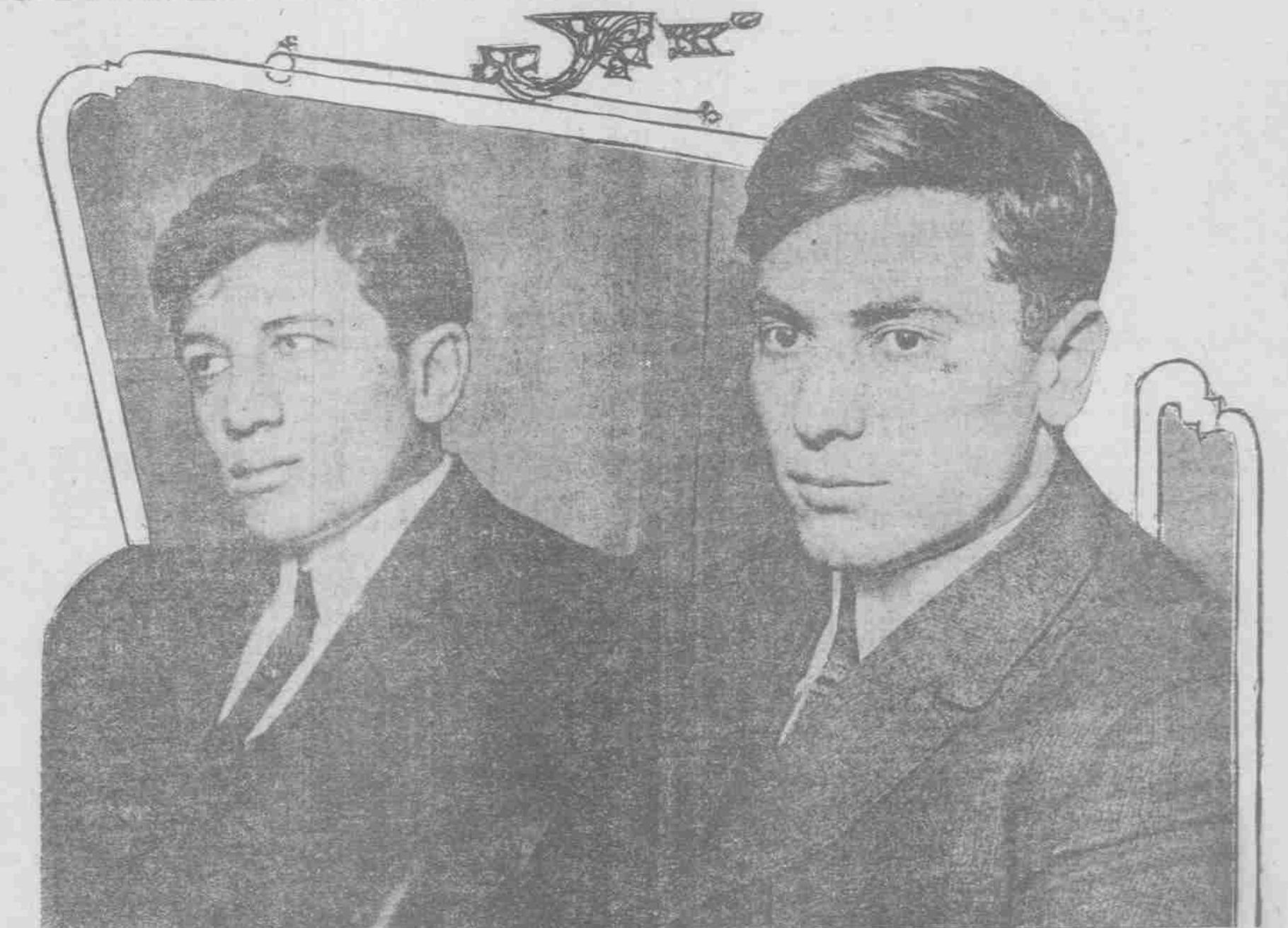
**Business Getting Better.**  
Things, generally speaking, in this city are looking up. The case of Gen. Orozco was crumbling and decaying for want of support. For the past month or more a pronounced state of rebellion has been noted, not alone in this state but in others, namely, Durango and Coahuila. However, it is stated on fairly reliable authority that the government is preparing a peaceful solution of its internal troubles by granting several concessions to the rebels in the field. What these concessions are have not been made public.

**Refugees Are Returning.**  
Arriving during the past week from the states where they have been during the long months of the revolution, were the following women folk: Mrs. Marion Letcher, wife of American consul Letcher, and three small children; Mrs. Sophia Forthast, Mrs. W. C. Winegar, wife of W. C. Winegar, and little daughter; Mrs. H. J. Barnes, wife of H. J. Barnes, manager of the Mexican Chemical company, and Mrs. W. J. Wallace and baby. Both Mr. Barnes and Mr. Wallace went as far as Eagle Pass to accompany the party to this city.

**Mexico's "Free Press."**  
The weekly procession of Chihuahua editors to the state penitentiary was augmented and dramatized on Monday when Genaro Leyva Olea, editor of El Heraldito del Norte was taken from his home to jail. What the charges are the police will not divulge, but it is alleged that editor Olea wrote or harbored ideas in direct contrast to the opinions of the government or its officials.

(Continued on page seven.)

# GUINMEN GUILTY OF FIRST DEGREE MURDER



Left to right, Harry Horowitz, alias "Gyp the Blood," and Louis Rosenberg, alias "Lefty Louie," photographed immediately after their arrest in Brooklyn, N. Y., on a charge of murdering Herman Rosenthal. (Copyright by the International News Service.)

## JURY SOON RETURNS A VERDICT

Declares Accused Men Shot Down Rosenthal, the New York Gambler.

## STRONG CHARGE MADE BY JUDGE

New York, N. Y., Nov. 19.—"Gyp the Blood," "Lefty Louie," "Whitely Lewis" and "Dago Frank" Croftel, the gunmen charged with the murder of Herman Rosenthal, were found guilty of murder in the first degree by a jury in the supreme court this afternoon. The jury deliberated only an hour and 10 minutes.

The quick verdict came as a surprise to everybody. The jury in the case of Lieut. Chas. Becker deliberated nearly seven hours before reaching a similar verdict. He is now in Sing Sing, sentenced to the electric chair for having instigated the murder.

**Justice Goff remanded the prisoners until 10:30 a. m. tomorrow, when he will fix the day for pronouncing sentence.**

The entire proceedings in court after the jury came in occupied only seven minutes. The defense was brought in by four wardens and a policeman. They heard the verdict with faces unmarked by emotion.

On the way back to their cells all except "Whitely" Lewis walked erect. Lewis went with bowed head. The crowd in the court room received the verdict without demonstration and the news caused no visible excitement when it reached the throng outside the building.

**Strong Charge by Judge.**  
For more than three hours today supreme court Justice Goff charged the jury in the case of the four gunmen that the state's informers committed the crime as the defense contends, he asked, "was it reasonable to assume that the informers would invite the gunmen as witnesses?"

"If Jack Rose has lied," he asked, "in swearing that the gunmen did the shooting, why then did he not go further and swear that he had actually seen the shooting at the hands of the defendants?"

"What I shall say applies to all the defendants in, and each of them shall I separate one from the others," said Justice Goff in opening his address.

**A Remarkable Situation.**  
Herman Rosenthal was shot to death under circumstances of exceptional recklessness. Rose, Webber, Vulliamy and Schupp say to these four defendants, "You did the murder; these four defendants say, 'We admit the murder, but you committed it.' It is a remarkable situation, these two groups of men accusing the other."

Rose has taken the witness stand and acknowledged participation in the crime. It was a remarkable narrative that he told. Can you imagine that men constructed and conceived this plot without their being found a grain of truth in it? From the evidence before us we learn that Rose feared them.

**Believes Rose's Story.**  
The defense accuses Rose of constructing the story to save his own life. It is for you to say, in hearing Rose incriminate himself in telling this narrative, whether there was not truth to support his story; whether it was pure imagination.

"Bear in mind that Rose did not testify that he saw the defendants shoot; Rosenthal. Would he have stopped short just before the culmination of the plot and failed to say that he saw them commit murder, if he was not telling the truth?"

**FLOYD ALEX IS GRANTED  
RESPECT BY GOVERNOR**  
Richmond, Va., Nov. 19.—Gov. Mann today granted Floyd Alex, a black man, a reprieve until Dec. 12. They were sentenced to death in the electric chair Nov. 22 for their part in the Hillville, Va., court house murder.

## AMERICAN KILLS REBEL LEADER WHO ASKED CASH FOR BURNING

John Brooks Shoots Enrique Portillo and Is Himself Mortally Wounded and Dies—Leaves Widow in El Paso—Portillo Had Been Educated by Mormons.

John Brooks, an American cattleman, singlehanded shot and killed Enrique Portillo, a rebel leader of the Casas Grandes district, and wounded two other rebels, who tried to rob him Sunday noon at Colonia Chihuahua, Chih. Brooks died Monday of a wound received in the fight.

It is related in the telegrams received by Mexico from Western officials and Gen. Tracy Aubert that Portillo entered Brooks' house while the American was at dinner and demanded \$10, while two other rebels stood at the door.

**Answers Demand With Bullets.**  
"Here's your ten dollars, you damn scoundrel," he drew his pistol and fired at the rebel chief, who fell to the floor in a heap. Brooks' fire was returned by the rebels in the doorway, but the American emptied his revolver toward the light, only slightly staggering from a wound received in the body. Both of the rebels in the doorway received wounds, and fled. The shooting occurred at Colonia Chihuahua, a Mormon settlement 25 miles west of Matamoros.

Enrique Portillo was mayor of Casas Grandes at one time, but later a rebel leader who had been terrorizing ranches and farms in the Casas Grandes district in the face of federal troops. He was a blond Mexican, who spoke fluent English, with no accent, and was educated in the Mormon church schools. Portillo was about 35 years of age and married. His father is living in El Paso.

**Brooks a Former Ranger.**  
Brooks was at one time a member of the Texas state rangers under Capt. J. R. Hughes. He was later a lieutenant of the Arizona rangers for under Harry Wheeler, the present sheriff of Cochise county, Arizona. Brooks had been in the employ of the Madera company for three years, superintending the purchasing of all meats for that company. He is survived by his wife, who is said to be at Madera, and a sister living in El Paso.

Mr. Brooks' father, Ross Brooks, lives at Douglas, Ariz. A sister, Mrs. Minnie Carson, lives at Dallas, N. M., and a half brother, Sullie Vaughn, is a deputy sheriff at Pecos, Tex.

State ranger C. H. Webster was informed of the ex-ranger's death by a telegram sent to him by John Wren, an official of the Madera company at Madera. Capt. Hughes was immediately notified and in turn notified Brooks' relatives of his death. An effort will be made to have his body brought here for burial.

**Portillo Here Recently.**  
Enrique Portillo was in El Paso recently, but returned to the Casas Grandes country to resume his leadership of a band of roving rebels in that district. Portillo, accompanied by three other rebels, was in El Paso on some secret mission. It is understood that a number of the local cattlemen have been treating direct with the rebels for protection in getting out the Mexican cattle and that Portillo was here to arrange for the payment of various sums for this protection.

While here, Portillo said that it would do no good for the Mexican Central to replace its trunk and bridges, as they would be burned as soon as rebuilt, although the North Western would not be harmed as long as the road did not carry any federal troops.

## BONDSMEN SURRENDER ALLEGED DYNAMITERS

Indianapolis Ind., Nov. 19.—Edward Smythe and James E. Ray of Peoria, Ill., two of the 45 defendants in the "dynamite conspiracy" trial were placed in jail today because their bonds were not forthcoming. They had been at liberty.

At the opening of court, attorneys for the bondsmen announced they would surrender the prisoners, who then were placed in the custody of the United States marshal. The reason for the withdrawal of the bonds was not given.

Smythe, who is superintendent of construction for the city of Peoria, was former secretary-treasurer of a company which constructed a bridge at Peoria, Ill. in 1918. Smythe, Ray and Herbert H. Hoskie collected him to put union men on the job and Hoskie added:

"There will be something doing if you don't."

"No union men were put to work," said the witness, "and the first explosion occurred June 4 that year."

Three months later the plant of the contractor was blown up. It was this job that McMangal said he

## THREE KILLED, 14 HURT IN HOTEL FIRE

Francis Mother Drops Child and Leaps to Her Death at Los Angeles.

## VAUDEVILLE ACTORS AMONG THE INJURED

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 19.—Three persons lost their lives in a fire which partially destroyed the St. George, a theatrical hotel at Third and Main streets, shortly after midnight this morning. Fourteen others were injured, of whom one baby, who was dropped in a flame-swept hallway by its frantic mother, probably will die.

The dead are:  
Mrs. Charlotte Harrington, whose stage name was Ella Moran, a vaudeville performer, killed jumping from sixth floor.  
Joseph Martin, Los Angeles, a jeweler's clerk, killed jumping from the sixth floor.

Julius Malone, negro, night engineer of the hotel, who was trapped by the flames in the basement, but escaped to die later in the receiving hospital.

Among the more seriously injured is Miss Fern Melrose, a stock company actress, recently from Chicago, who suffered burns about the body.

R. E. Harrah and Anna Harrah, vaudeville performers, were seriously burned and injured in jumping. One fireman made his way to the sixth floor and stumbled over "Baby" Harrington, who, badly burned, lay screaming upon the floor. The fireman picked up the child and dropped it from a window into a life net.

It is supposed that upon hearing the alarm Mrs. Harrington took her baby out of her room and, overcome with panic and the effects of the smoke fumes, dropped it in the hallway, just before she leaped to her death from one of the windows.

**Lawyer.**  
Oscar Lawler, special assistant to the attorney general and Arthur L. Veitch, who gathered evidence in the dynamiting cases in California, said Eugene A. Clancy collapsed in December, 1911, after admitting in their presence that he knew James E. McNamara was on the coast to blow up non-union jobs.

A. E. Wetmore and Anton Johannsen, San Francisco; W. H. Pohlman, Seattle, and J. E. Munsey, Salt Lake City, are being aware of McNamara's dynamiting mission.

The witnesses said Clancy at the district attorney's office told this story: "In August, before the Los Angeles Times explosion, Clancy went to Seattle where he was introduced by Pohlman to a substantial and the realization that Clancy you know what I'm out here for," and then explained he was to do dynamiting. Clancy then went to the Rochester convention of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, where he talked with J. J. McNamara about the

blow up with Smythe's aid. One can of nitroglycerine failed to explode. Through this clue, Johnson said, he traced the purchase of the explosive to Portland, Ind., and thus put detectives on the trail of the dynamiter in September, a month before the loss of life at Los Angeles and six months before any arrests were made.

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# MEXICO CITY IS SHAKEN; SEVERE QUAKE

Peon, Kneeling in Prayer During Trembling, Crushed to Death by Train.

## PAVEMENTS BUCKLE; WALLS COLLAPSE

Only One Casualty According to the Reports of the Police.

Mexico, City, Mex., Nov. 19.—A severe earthquake occurred here at 7:15 o'clock this morning. The movement was oscillatory, and passed from north to south. It lasted more than three minutes.

Many brick walls and a few poorly constructed small houses were thrown down. The street pavements buckled and several water mains were broken.

Early government reports indicated that the area of the quake embraces a wide district in the west and south of Mexico, chiefly in the state of Guerrero.

According to the police reports, the only casualty was that of a laborer who, following the custom prevalent among the peons of dropping to their knees in prayer, knelt on the street car track in front of a moving suburban train and was crushed to death.

Other reports indicate a death list of 12 or 15 persons in widely separated districts.

## ROBBERS HOLDUP TRAIN IN IOWA

Two Masked Men Get \$350 From Passenger Train.

Ottumwa, Ia., Nov. 19.—Two masked men who held up passenger train No. 1 of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway last night between Mystic and Ottumwa secured loot amounting to about \$350. The bandits robbed two passengers and two employes of the company.

A young passenger from the west to Chicago, carrying \$200 in cash and a diamond ring valued at \$150. J. G. Zook, his companion, was robbed of \$75.

The robbers boarded the train just as it was leaving the station at Mystic, 30 miles south of Ottumwa. As the porter, J. Robinson, was closing the vestibule doors of the observation car, a revolver was pointed at his head and he was relieved of \$350. The porter, seeing the complicity in the robbery, fled to the station and telephoned the police.

The remaining 25 miles into Ottumwa found the robbers riding the gladiator of the observation car, holding the passengers in each car prisoner until they made their escape when the train reduced speed at the market street crossing in this city.

The police department and the sheriff's office, with bloodhounds, are hunting the robbers, but the police have four suspects have been arrested.

## ARBITRATION OF THE G. H. DIFFERENCES

Houston, Texas, Nov. 19.—Officials of the Sunset Central (Harriman) system in Texas and committees representing conductors and brakemen of the lines agreed yesterday to suspend negotiations that have been in progress for 11 months and submit their differences as to wages and working conditions to mediation and conciliation under the Erdman act.

A request has been submitted to Commissioner Knapp and Dr. Neill, asking them to act as mediators.

It is understood the original 15 points of difference have been reduced to 14. The present contract was made in 1907.

## ALLIES HEED APPEAL BATTLE IS STOPPED TO BURY DEAD OF TURKS TO END WAR

London, Nov. 19.—The nations of the Balkan confederacy, satisfied with victory, today signified their willingness to treat for terms of peace at the request of the vanquished Turkish empire.

The lustre of their success has been only slightly dimmed by their temporary failure to overcome the rallied Turkish army at the gates of Constantinople and enter the Ottoman capital.

The stubborn defence encountered by the Bulgarians at the line of fortification at Gallipoli, and the realization that enormous slaughter would be necessary to pierce them at the point of the bayonet, with every prospect of failure to overcome the rallied Turkish army at the gates of Constantinople, before they had attained success, doubtless proved the deciding factors in inducing the conquerors to listen to the urgings of the great powers and refrain from pressing home their victory.

An eight hours armistice has been agreed to between the Bulgarians and Turks at Thessalonika, so that both armies may bury their dead, according to a dispatch from Constantinople.

**Terms Will Be Drastic.**  
Simultaneously with the dispatch to the grand vizier of their agreement to appoint peace plenipotentiaries, the allied Balkan nations notified the Euro-

pean powers of the step they had taken and thanked them for their offer of mediation. They added that mediation was no longer necessary, as the Porte had addressed itself directly to the Balkan states, who would now treat with Turkey without outside intervention.

That the terms of the victors will be drastic is known, but the powers are doing their utmost to make them less harsh than was at first reported, without attempting to rob the Balkan confederacy of the fruits of its military war. With the jealous eyes of Russia on Constantinople, with the recalcitrance of the Austro-Serbian difficulty on the other side of what is known as European Turkey, and with Russia's insistent demand to observers every inducement for the Balkan nations to keep their demands within moderate limits.

**Get Foothold on Adriatic.**  
The occupation of Albania by the combined Serbian-Montenegrin armies, giving them another foothold on the Adriatic Sea, is considered a diplomatic circle likely to aggravate the Austro-Serbian difficulty, which has again become acute.

Emperor Francis Joseph is reported to have remarked:

"We are in favor of peace, but not (Continued on Next Page.)"